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man more completely under the dominion of conscience than was Dr. Smith. It was chiefly through the influence of Bishop Marvin and Dr. Edwards that Dr. Smith was induced to undertake the great work of raising \$250,000 to endow Central College, in Missouri. He raised \$100,000 within a year, and doubtless sacrificed his life by the great energy and effort that he gave to that work. He believed that no other man in the West or on the continent could have accomplished in the same time the work done by Dr. Smith. During the prosecution of this work Dr. Smith remarked to Bishop Marvin that five hundred years to come he expected to be represented by men preaching the gospel with power. Many of the audience were moved to tears during this address.

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Dr. John E. Edwards said he never heard the missionary address of Dr. Haygood surpassed but once in his whole life, and that it had made an impression upon his mind and heart that would be as lasting as his life. A collection of \$411 was raised in cash, most of which was given in the name of George W. Bain, secretary of the Conference Mission Board, read his report, which showed that the sum of \$8,500 had been raised during the year in the Conference bounds for missions, and there are yet several churches to report amounts collected. This is an advance of over \$1,000 on one of the last years, notwithstanding the hard times.

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in taking up a collection is to outface all who are present. Said he was afraid Randolph Will's face was not hard enough. So Bishop Marvin proposed that the handsomest man in the room should undertake the great work of raising \$250,000 to endow Central College, in Missouri. He raised \$100,000 within a year, and doubtless sacrificed his life by the great energy and effort that he gave to that work. He believed that no other man in the West or on the continent could have accomplished in the same time the work done by Dr. Smith. During the prosecution of this work Dr. Smith remarked to Bishop Marvin that five hundred years to come he expected to be represented by men preaching the gospel with power. Many of the audience were moved to tears during this address.

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A CONSPIRACY DISCOVERED.—DEPRIVATIONS UPON A COAL-YARD STOPPED.—Mr. Charles H. Page, coal-dealer, was recently informed by a neighbor that some suspicious transactions were taking place on his premises, by which he was losing considerable quantities of his stock of coal. Mr. Page investigated, and ascertained from him that he, by the order of Mr. Harvey Smith, Mr. Page's clerk, had surreptitiously taken from the yard, at different times, two loads of coal. One was sold to Cornelius Miller, and the other to another person, and upon which he paid on account some dollars, at the time of the transaction. The two dollars Richardson declared he paid over to Mr. Smith, and Mr. Smith gave him seventy-five cents of it. Another load of coal Richardson carried to Peter Morris. He received from it \$4.50, and the balance due was credited on a bill which the Richardson owed Morris. This load was delivered between 3 and 4 o'clock in the day-time.

Warrants were taken out for the arrest of Aleck Richardson, Peter Morris, and Corbett Miner, by Mr. Page, the former charged with taking coal, and the latter with receiving the coal. Richardson took out a warrant for Mr. Smith, but the officers could not find him. The other accused were examined by acting Police-Justice W. Hall Crew yesterday.

There was nothing to indicate that Miller knew the coal was stolen, and was not, and was paid more than its full value for it; and when he heard that it was stolen, at once went to Mr. Page and offered to deliver it up or pay for it again. He was discharged. The Justice thought the evidence against the others sufficient to warrant him in giving each sixty days and a fine of \$100. They were appealed to the Hustings Court, and bail was fixed at \$300.

Mr. Page explained that he would have had Mr. Smith arrested had he suspected that he intended going off. He had him summoned as a witness in the case, and expected the new trial would be granted, when if anything appeared against him he would be taken into custody by order of the Justice.

CHARGED WITH HORSE-STEALING.—Samuel H. Coles and Washington Coles, who were before the Police Court yesterday charged with stealing a horse of the value of \$150, property of Mr. Thomas Duke, Samuel Coles and one J. L. Smith are in the employment of Mr. Duke, and according to the statement of the latter, the former said that he had stolen the horse, and that about 10 o'clock Monday night, Tuesday evening Smith, while near the First Market, as he relates, saw a man riding the horse down the street. He shouted for him to stop, and the rider jumped off and fled. Smith testified that Wash Coles was there when he got possession of the horse, and it appeared something to do with the alleged theft. The evidence rather incriminated all three of the men, but it seemed that some witnesses could be procured to throw new light upon their conduct the case was continued until Monday.

UNITED STATES BONDED WAREHOUSE.—The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the establishment of a bonded warehouse at Richmond, and the collector of customs (Dr. C. S. Mills) has rented for that purpose the building No. 14 Fifteenth street, owned by Franklin Searles, Esq. Richmond importers are now placed on an equal footing with those of Baltimore as regards dutiable importations.

PERSONAL.—Rev. P. S. Henson, D. D., of Philadelphia, lectures in this city next week before the Young Men's Mission Society of the Second Baptist church on "The Golden Call" and the "The Woman Question." Intelligence has been received here that Rev. Thomas U. Dudley, D. D., of Baltimore, assistant bishop elect of Kentucky, has been elected to the responsible position to which he has just been elected. Wyman the wizard and ventriloquist was in the city yesterday.

Mr. H. D. Whitcomb, one of the commissioners appointed to examine the mouth of the Mississippi river, leaves the city for New Orleans tomorrow. He will meet the members of the Board, and proceed at once to discharge the duties with which they have been entrusted.

CATHOLIC ITEMS.—Right Rev. Bishop Gibbons will leave to-day for Mobile to attend the consecration in that city of Bishop Pellicani, of San Antonio, Texas, and Bishop Manney, of Brownsville, Texas. From Mobile he will go to New Orleans to visit his relatives there. He will be absent about two weeks. Rev. Father John J. Keim, of Harper's Ferry, arrived in Richmond yesterday. He will deliver a lecture Sunday night at St. Peter's cathedral, the proceeds of which will be given to St. Vincent de Paul's Conference for distribution to the poor of the city. The charities of this Society are numerous, and being distributed to all, without regard to religious belief, deserve liberal encouragement at the hands of our people.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR THE BENEFIT OF COLORED SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORKERS.—According to previous announcement the Institute assembled yesterday morning at the First African church. Rev. Walter H. Brookes, missionary of the American Baptist Publication Society among the colored churches of Virginia, was appointed "conductor" and the exercises were under the general direction of Rev. Dr. Warren Randolph, Sunday-school secretary of that Society.

After half-hour spent in devotional exercises, Rev. Walter Brookes delivered an address on "The Design and Place of the Sunday School." Mr. Brookes is well-educated, speaks fluently and effectively, and is said to be doing a good work in promoting the interests of Sunday schools among his people, while he exerts in every respect a conservative and salutary influence over them.

Rev. Dr. Randolph then made an address on "Our Aim in this Institute." Dr. Randolph is a scholarly and accomplished gentleman (he was the travelling companion of Rev. Dr. John A. Broadus in the Holy Land), is thoroughly posted on the Sunday-school question, and has among his brethren a reputation for ability and usefulness. In the afternoon "The Necessity of the Sunday School" was fully discussed in speeches by Rev. Walter Brookes, Dr. Randolph, Rev. J. William Jones, Rev. C. H. Corey, Rev. J. H. Holmes, pastor of the church; Rev. Mr. Carroll, of Asbury (Methodist chapel); and Rev. Mr. Colley, of the Richmond (colored) Institute.

Last night they discussed "What is being done by and for the Sunday Schools of the United States" and "The Results of Sunday-School Work." The Institute will be in session to-day from 10 A. M. to 12 P. M., from 3 P. M. to 5 P. M., and from 7 P. M. to 9 P. M. A committee was appointed to see personally and urge the attendance of the colored, pastors and Sunday-school teachers and the white preachers of the city, and any others interested were cordially invited to attend.

THE FEAST AT 1009 MAIN STREET continues with unabated interest. Thursday night, in addition to former attractions, there will be a grand display of "Candy Cakes" which will appear in a most amusing character. It will also be consented to deliver his celebrated "Dr. Bayne" speech.

UNAVAILABLE LETTERS REMAINING IN THE RICHMOND POST-OFFICE NOVEMBER 25, 1874.—Richmond, Va. Care of Dr. William P. Gaines, Box 7, Richmond, Va.; Rev. T. L. Preston, D. D., Leigh street, Richmond, Va.; L. L. Nasurrier, 1011 Hudson street, corner of Franklin, New York; Charles P. Winston, Esq., 1011 Basin bank, Richmond, Va. (3); Messrs. Duke & Redford, No. 313 north Main street, Richmond, Va.; James L. Kemper, Governor of Virginia; Mr. W. O. Thomas, Staunton; Mr. G. D. Johns, Cave Springs; Messrs. Barrow & McQuinn, Oceola, Washington county, Va.; Messrs. W. T. Mayo & Co., Wilson, N. C.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP should be kept in every family. A slight cough, if unchecked, is often the forerunner of consumption. The use of this wonderful medicine has rescued many from an early grave.

SHAWLS AND CLOAKS of every description very low at LEVY BROTHERS'. GREAT BARGAINS in all kinds of Dress Goods at LEVY BROTHERS'. LOOK AT THE CHOICE STYLE OF TYCOON REFS at LEVY BROTHERS'. BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES, QUILTS, SPREADS. All the comforts of the season at LEVY BROTHERS'. BLACK SILKS—Great bargains and cheaper than ever at LEVY BROTHERS'. GREAT BARGAINS IN BLACK SILKS at LEVY BROTHERS'. JUST RECEIVED from the great auction slaughter a case of black and white striped shawls, two yards long, at \$1.25 apiece, at LEVY BROTHERS'. QUILTS of all weights and in every style, very low, at LEVY BROTHERS'. THE WAY TO economize and get rich is to buy your dry goods at LEVY BROTHERS'. GREAT REDUCTION IN DRESS GOODS at LEVY BROTHERS'. GO TO 1300 MAIN STREET and buy your clothing and shirts from E. B. SPENCE & SON. GO TO 1300 MAIN STREET and buy your undershirts from E. B. SPENCE & SON. GO TO 1300 MAIN STREET and buy your furnishing goods from E. B. SPENCE & SON. GO TO 1300 MAIN STREET and have your clothing and shirts made to order by E. B. SPENCE & SON. GO TO 1300 MAIN STREET and buy your overcoats from E. B. SPENCE & SON. GO TO 1500 MAIN STREET and buy your shirts, neckties, collars, gloves, and half-hose, from E. B. SPENCE & SON. I have analyzed the Whiskey known under the brand of "B SELECT," controlled by Messrs. WALTER D. BLAIR & CO., Richmond, Va., and find it FREE FROM FUSIL, and other impurities, and recommend its use for medicinal and family purposes. J. B. McCaw, M. D., Late Professor of Chemistry, Medical College of Virginia, January 13, 1872.

TRANSFER PRINTING INKS.—We invite attention to the beautiful and useful TRANSFER INKS that we are now using. They are of recent introduction, but are already extensively used by railroad and steamboat companies, banks, merchants, and others. The inks that we are now furnishing are of a quality that can be copied any length of time after being printed. With copy in ordinary letter-press book.

BY TELEGRAPH. Murders to be Hung—Cheap Transportation—Conservative Demonstration. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.] NORFOLK, Va., November 25.—The trial of the two negroes, Austin Hill and Cornelius Williams, at Jackson, N. C., for the murder, last spring, of the old bridge-keeper at Weldon, William Presson, was concluded to-day, and both of the wretches were convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be hung. A motion for a new trial failed. The murder was committed in cold blood for robbery.

A delegation of gentlemen from Texas visiting the East on matters pertaining to cheap transportation and making satisfactory arrangements with all the roads running through the South and across the continent arrived here yesterday, and consists of Lieutenant-Governor R. B. Hubbard; General J. B. Robertson, commissioner of immigration; Major M. Whilden, editor of the Galveston News; and Colonel S. M. Miller, agent of the International and Great Western railroad. The gentlemen express themselves entirely satisfied with the result of their efforts, and leave on their return home to-morrow morning.

The Conservatives of Portsmouth have a celebration of the victory in the Second district and illumination on Tuesday night.

ITS DASTARDLY EFFECTS UPON THE COUNTRY SURROUNDING TUSCUMBIA.—TOWN'S CONDITION OF THE WOUNDED.—TUSCUMBIA, November 25.—The storm on Sunday evening was most disastrous in its effects upon the surrounding country. Houses were unroofed and fences blown down in every direction. Large trees were uprooted and carried many yards by the storm, crushing cabins and out-houses as they went. After the tornado left Tuscumbia it seems to have spent its fury or risen above the houses. Then, having apparently gained new strength, it came down upon the farm of Benjamin Wilson, six miles from here, and totally destroyed his residence, corn-crib, and gin-house. It then passed up the stream known as Pond creek, levelling thousands of forest-trees. Some miles further on, the farm-houses and out-buildings of Wilkes Davidson, a well-known citizen, were destroyed, as was also the house of Ira Jarman, an extensive farmer. Scores of negro cabins were blown down, and two black men killed. Several others were slightly wounded.

The loss at Tuscumbia is fully as much as at first reported. Among the property destroyed were two grist-mills, which supplied the town with meal; and the want of this article of food is beginning to be severely felt. Many of the houses that were not blown entirely down have been rendered uninhabitable, and nearly every building in the place has been more or less damaged. Provisions are giving out. The train which went over the embankment at Spring creek on the night of the storm remains in the same position. The broken bridges cannot be repaired for several days, and all trains from Memphis are delayed for several hours. The baggage-master and fireman who went over the bank with the train are now out of danger, but the condition of the engineer is still critical. All those who were wounded by falling buildings are doing well. Many of the buildings which remain standing prove upon examination to be in an unsafe condition, and several of them will have to be torn down.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE SUFFERERS. BOSTON, November 25.—In response to a telegram from Tuscumbia, Mayor Cobb has received a number of contributions for the sufferers, which will be forwarded at once. Numerous accounts of suffering in the South and West have elicited very general expressions of sympathy hereabouts.

THE STORM NEAR MEMPHIS. MEMPHIS, November 25.—The storm on Sunday last did some damage in this country, unroofing several houses and destroying fences and timber. A man, his wife, and three children, while driving home through the New Centennial bottom, were overtaken by the storm, and a tree was blown across the carriage, literally crushing it without injuring the occupants.

Movement for a New National Political Party. CINCINNATI, November 25.—A special dispatch from Indianapolis, Ind., to-day, says: "Between fifty and sixty gentlemen met at the Hotel Hamilton, to-day, to discuss the formation of a political party based upon a national currency platform. Horace B. Day, of New York; Alexander Campbell, of Illinois; Alexander Troupe, of Connecticut; and L. A. Wood, of Kentucky, were among the most prominent men in attendance. James Buchanan, of Indiana, was elected president, and L. A. Wood and two Indiana men were chosen vice-presidents. A committee of thirteen was appointed to make a declaration of principles and to report this evening. The platform is understood to be very brief, reaffirming, in effect, the financial plank of the national bank, and the interconvertibility of legal-tenders and interconvertible notes. A preliminary national meeting will be held in Cleveland in March or April next, when the propriety of nominating a presidential candidate will be discussed. Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, New Jersey, Kentucky, New York, and Ohio, are represented in the meeting. Letters were received from George E. Drew, of New Jersey; Henry Cary Baird, of Philadelphia; John A. Thompson, of West Virginia, and others, favoring the movement.

Meeting of Philadelphia Druggists. PHILADELPHIA, November 25.—The Philadelphia Drug Exchange held a meeting to-day and adopted a resolution appointing committees representing each branch of the business to consider what congressional action is desirable to protect their interests by tariff modifications. Another resolution was adopted earnestly recommending that Congress repeal the custom tax, or the so-called discriminating duty of 10 per cent, additional on all merchandise of growth or production of any of the countries east of the Cape of Good Hope, when the same is imported from ports west thereof.

England. LONDON, November 25.—The Pall Mall Gazette has a special dispatch from St. Petersburg stating that Russia is desirous of enlarging the scope of the next conference on the international usages of war by making the resolutions applicable to a wider territory. The South American States will be invited to participate in the deliberations. It is also hoped that the United States and North America will be represented in the conference.

France. PARIS, November 25.—Clement Duvernois, tried for swindling operations in connection with the territorial bank of Spain, has been found guilty and sentenced to two years imprisonment and a fine of one thousand francs.

Jaurat, convicted on the same charge, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and five hundred francs fine. Capron and Hasset, two other accomplices, in default of their appearance before the court, were condemned each to five years' imprisonment and a fine of three thousand francs.

M. M. Fornerod, Barre, and Alexander Duvernois, implicated in the same affair, were acquitted. Baron Derris, United States Minister to Germany, who has been in this city for a few days, leaves to-morrow for Berlin.

The "Longshoremen." NEW YORK, November 25.—The meeting of "longshoremen" yesterday appointed a committee to consult with the shippers of New York, Brooklyn, and Jersey City, to compromise for forty cents per hour for day work and sixty cents per hour for night work. A report was current yesterday that the French Steamship Company had given in to the strikers, but the truth is the captain of the steamship France, who is a new arrival, was unwilling to have his ship stopped by any but experienced hands, and requested the employment of unionists for the time. The company does not intend to accede to the demand of the "longshoremen," and the strike continues as it has for the past few days.

A party of strikers attacked a number of Italians who were working at the reduced rates, and in the mêlée one of the former was severely stabbed. Burial in Consecrated Ground—An Appeal in the Guilford Case. WASHINGTON, November 25.—The following telegram was received from the city of Guilford, in Montreal, who, as an excommunicated person, had been refused burial in consecrated ground, and in which case an appeal had been taken to the Privy Council, resulting in an order reversing the ruling of the Montreal Council.

Montreal, Canada, November 24.—It is said that the Bishop will appeal to the House of Lords in the Guilford case on the question whether under the treaty ceding Canada from France to England the rights and privileges of the Roman Catholic Church are infringed upon by the late decision? Grist-Mill and Elevator Burned. ALBANY, N. Y., November 25.—The grist-mill and elevator of Dickson & Co. were burned last night. Fifty thousand bushels of barley and twenty-five thousand bushels of oats were destroyed, the value of which is estimated at \$90,000; insured for \$40,000. The grist-mill was insured in New York and Philadelphia companies, as were also the machinery, boiler, and elevator. The losses will probably aggregate \$154,000.

Washington Items. WASHINGTON, November 25.—The argument was concluded to-day in the safe-burglary trial, and the case given to the jury. The President was not at home to visitors to-day, being engaged in clearing his desk of letters and papers, preparatory to commencing his annual message. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.] Late Weather Report. WASHINGTON, D. C., November 26.—1 A. M. For the New England, Middle, and South Atlantic States, generally clear weather, north or west winds, no decided change in temperature. Rising barometer on the coast. [Associated Press telegram.] WASHINGTON, November 25.—7 P. M.—For New England, the Middle and the South Atlantic States, cool and generally clear weather with prevail, with north or west winds and slight rise in the barometer. For the Gulf States, Tennessee, and the Ohio